

In history we are learning about...

Ancient Egypt

Key vocabulary

Ancient - Something from a very long time ago.

Civilisation - A human society with well-developed rules and government, often where technology and the arts are considered important.

Egypt - The country on the continent of Africa where the ancient Egyptian civilisation was created.

Hieroglyphics - A system of writing that consists of pictures and symbols (hieroglyphs) instead of letters.

Irrigation - A system of canals or channels dug by the Egyptians to supply water to grow crops over a larger area than the water would naturally reach.

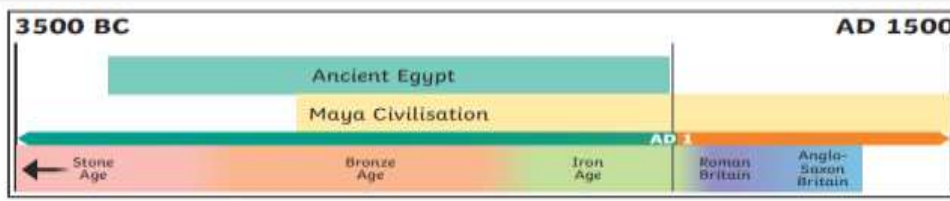
The Nile - A river that runs through Egypt. It was essential to life in ancient Egypt.

Pharaoh - A ruler of ancient Egypt.

Tomb - A sealed room where a person was placed after death.

BC - Used to show that a date is before the year AD 1. This is counted backwards so 200 BC is before 100 BC.

AD - Used to show that a date is after the year AD 1. This is counted forwards so AD 100 is before AD 200.



Sticky knowledge

- In c. 3000 BC, King Menes united two Egyptian kingdoms to build the empire of ancient Egypt. It lasted until 30 BC when the Romans took over.
- The ancient Egyptians built the pyramids as resting places for the pharaohs.
- The ancient Egyptians worshipped many gods and goddesses who were responsible for different aspects of life and death.
- In ancient Egypt, scribes wrote on papyrus. Papyrus was a thick type of paper made from reeds that grew along the Nile. Scribes were mostly men who went to a special school to learn to write. Scribes wrote using hieroglyphs

Links to previous learning

The Stone, Bronze and Iron Ages.



Characteristics needed for this topic:

- Listening and communicating.
- Making links.

Aspirations

- Archaeologist
- History teacher
- Historian

