

In science we are learning about...

Seasonal Changes



Key vocabulary

- **seasons**-A season is a division of the year based on changes in weather and the number of daylight hours
- **seasonal changes**- change which occurs during one particular time of the year
- **spring**-the season after winter and before summer from March to May
- **summer**- the warmest season of the year from June to August
- **autumn**- the season after summer and before winter from September to November
- **winter**- the coldest season of the year from December to February
- **weather**- the state of the air and atmosphere at a particular time and place: the temperature and other outside conditions
- **frost**- small white ice crystals formed on the ground when the temperature falls below freezing.
- **fog**- a cloud of small water droplets that is near ground level and sufficiently dense to reduce horizontal visibility.

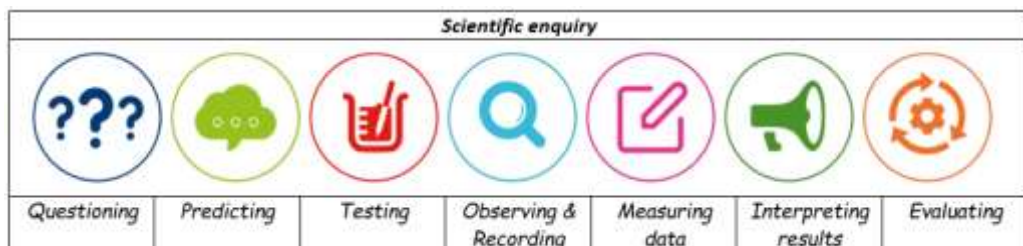


Sticky knowledge

- There are four seasons each year, autumn, winter, spring and summer
- In autumn the weather begins to get colder, and the leaves fall from the trees.
- In winter it is much colder and sometimes cold enough to freeze, leaving frost and ice.
- The amount of daylight changes with each season

Links to previous learning

Exploring the natural world around you.
Describing what you could see, hear and feel while you were outside.
Understand the effect of changing seasons on the natural world around you, including the seasons.



Aspirations

- Farmer
- Meteorologist
- Gardener



Characteristics needed for this topic:

- Making links
- Questioning

