

# Grammar

## In Autumn 1

### UKS2 are learning about....

#### Personal and Possessive Pronouns

Pronouns are used in replacement of a noun to avoid repetition.

e.g.

**Sarah fell over and she was upset.**

**The pie was delicious but it was very hot.**

Pronouns can be personal (relating to a person or thing) or possessive (showing ownership)

#### Personal

you  
it  
we  
they

#### Possessive

yours  
ours  
theirs  
his

#### Fronted Adverbials

Adverbs give us more information about a verb. quickly, yesterday, always.

Adverbial phrases do the same thing early in the morning, across the road.

**Adverbials can be of manner, place, time or frequency.**

Sometimes we put the adverbial phrase at the start of the sentence. This is called a fronted adverbial. **They are separated from the main clauses with a comma.**

**At that point,** everyone was ready for bed.

fronted adverbial of time

#### Singular and Plural possession.

Nouns can be singular or plural

**The girl- one girl**

**The girls- two girls.**

The plural form of regular nouns normally end in 's'

To show possession when the plural noun ends in an 's' we add an apostrophe to the end.

**The girls' coats.**

The coats belong to two girls.

**The girl's coats.**

Multiple coats belong to one girl.

Irregular plural nouns don't always end in 's'

e.g. children.

In this case, we add an apostrophe and s to show possession.

**The children's coats.**

The coats belong to a group of children.

#### Direct and Indirect Speech

Direct speech is writing exactly what was spoken, and putting it between inverted commas ( speech punctuation marks).

e.g. **"I will definitely help you!" said Mark enthusiastically.**

Indirect speech is reporting what has been said, it does not need inverted commas.

e.g. **Mark said that he would help me and he seemed enthusiastic about it.**

#### Expanded Noun Phrases

Noun phrases contain a determiner and a noun.

e.g

the car

a bag

We can expand noun phrases by adding in **adjectives** (for description\_ and **prepositional phrases** (to explain the location or time).

the old, rusty gate

expanded with adjectives

expanded noun phrase

the old, rusty gate with creaky hinges

expanded further with a prepositional phrase

expanded noun phrase